# Amendments To The Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A compound represented by formula (1):

#### Formula 1

wherein

- $R^1$ ,  $R^2$  and  $R^5$  are each independently selected from a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group which may be substituted with one or more halogen atoms and a  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy group which may be substituted with one or more halogen atoms;
- $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are each independently selected from a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, -NRfRg, -CONRfRg, -CH=NORe, a  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy group, a  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group and -T- $(CH_2)_k$ -V, wherein the alkyl group and the alkoxy group may be substituted with one or more substituents selected from a hydroxyl group, a  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy group, a halogen atom

and -NRfRg;

wherein

Re is selected from a hydrogen atom and  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, wherein the alkyl group may be substituted with one to three substituents selected from a hydroxyl group, a  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy group, a halogen atom and -NRhRi,

Rf and Rg are each independently selected from a hydrogen atom,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group and  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylcarbonyl group, wherein the alkyl group and the alkylcarbonyl group may be substituted with one to three substituents selected from a hydroxyl group, a  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy group, a halogen atom and -NRhRi,

Rh and Ri are each independently selected from a hydrogen atom and  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group, wherein the alkyl group may be substituted with one to three substituents selected from a hydroxyl group, a halogen atom and a  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy group, or

Rf and Rg, and Rh and Ri together with a nitrogen atom to which they are attached may form a 4- to 7-heterocycle, wherein the heterocycle may be substituted with a  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group,

T is an oxygen atom or a single bond; k is an integer selected from 0 to 4;

V is a 5- to 6-membered heterocyclyl group which may be

substituted with one or more Y³, -NRaRb, 
CONRaRb, -OC(=0)NRaRb, -SO<sub>2</sub>NRaRb, -N(
Ra)C(=0)NRa'Rb', -N(-Ra)C(=0)ORd, -C(=0)ORd, -S(=0)m
Rd, -O-Rd, -OC(=0)Rc, -N(-Ra)C(=0)Rc, -N(Ra)SO<sub>2</sub>Rc,

-C(=NRa)NRa'Rb', -C(=NORa)Rc or -C(=0)Rc;

 ${\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}}^6$  and  ${\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}}^7$  are each independently selected from a hydrogen atom and a halogen atom;

 $Z^1$  and  $Z^2$  are each independently selected from a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group and  $-O(CHR^{11})OC(=O)R^{12}$ ;

wherein

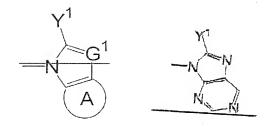
 $R^{11}$  is a hydrogen atom or a  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group;  $R^{12}$  is a pyrrolidinyl group, a piperidinyl group, a morpholinyl group, a piperazinyl group, an amino  $C_1$ - $C_6$ 

alkyl group, a mono- or di $(C_1-C_6$  alkyl) amino  $C_1-C_6$  alkyl group, an amino  $C_1-C_6$  alkylamino group or a mono- or

 $di(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$ -amino  $C_1-C_6 \text{ alkylamino group}$ ;

Q is a group of

Formula 2



wherein

G1 is C Y2 or N:

ring A is a benzene ring or a 5 to 6 membered

unsaturated heterocycle; a nitrogen atom present in the

heterocycle may be an N-oxide; and the ring A may be

substituted with one to three same or different

substituents W;

Y<sup>1</sup> and Y<sup>2</sup> are each is independently selected from a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy group, a mono- or dihydroxy C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy group, an amino C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy group, a (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) amino C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy group, a di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) amino C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy Group, an amino C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl group, an amino C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl group, a (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) amino C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl group, a di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) amino C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl group, an amino group, a (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) amino group, an amino group, a (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) amino group and a di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) amino group;

### Wherein

Q is optionally substituted by at least one substituents

W, where W is a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano

group, a hydroxyl group, -NRaRb, -N=C(-Rc)NRaRb, 
CONRaRb, -OC(=O)NRaRb, -SO<sub>2</sub>NRaRb, -N(-Ra)C(=O)NRa'Rb',

-N(-Ra)C(=O)ORd, -N[C(=O)ORd][C(=O)ORd'], 
C(=O)ORd, -S(=O)<sub>m</sub>-Rd, -O-Rd, -OC(=O)Rc, -N(-Ra)C(=O)Rc, -N(-Ra)C(=O)Rc, -N[C(=O)Rc][C(=O)Rc'], -N(-Ra)SO<sub>2</sub>Rc, -

 $N(SO_2Rc)(SO_2Rc')$ , -C(=NORd)NRa'Rb', -C(=NRa)NRa'Rb', -C(=NORa)Rc, -C(=O)Rc, a  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group which may be substituted with one or more  $Y^3$ , a  $C_2$ - $C_7$  alkenyl group which may be substituted with one or more  $Y^3$ , a  $C_2$ - $C_7$  alkynyl group which may be substituted with one or more  $Y^3$ , an aryl group which may be substituted with one or more  $Y^3$ , an aryl group which may be substituted with one or more  $Y^3$  or a heteroaryl group which may be substituted with one or more  $Y^3$ ;

Ra, Ra', Rb, Rb', Rc, Rc', Rd and Rd' are each independently selected from a hydrogen atom, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkenyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkynyl group, -[(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylene)-O]<sub>n</sub>-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl), a tetrahydropyranyl group, a tetrahydrofuranyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group, and a nitrogen-containing heterocyclyl group (wherein the nitrogen atom on the heterocyclyl group may be substituted with a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl group); or

Ra and Rb, Ra' and Rb', Ra and Rd, Ra and Ra', Ra and Rc, Rc and Rc', and Rd and Ra' may form a saturated or unsaturated 5- to 6-membered heterocycle by ring-closing at the bonding position of each of these two groups and the heterocycle may be substituted with a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl group;

substituted with one to three same or different
substituents selected from Y³;

m is an integer selected from 0 to 2;

n is an integer selected from 1 to 4;

Y³ is a halogen atom, -NRxRy, -C(=0)ORz, -C(=0)Rz, ORz, -C(=0)NRxRy, -OC(=0)NRxRY, -SO2NRxRy, -N(Rx)C(=0)NRx'Ry', -N(-Rx)C(=0)ORz, -S-Rz, -SO-Rz,
-SO2-Rz, -OC(=0)Rz, -N(Rx)C(=0)Rz, -

Ra, Ra', Rb, Rb', Rc, Rc', Rd and Rd' each may be

 $C(\not \in NORz)NRx'Ry'$ , -C(=NRx)NRx'Ry', -C(=NORx)Rz,  $-[O-(C_1-C_6 alkylene)]_n-O(C_1-C_3 alkyl)$ ,  $-N(-Rx)-(C_1-C_6 alkylene)$   $-O(C_1-C_3 alkyl)$ , -C(=O)Rz, a  $C_1-C_6 alkyl$  group, a  $C_2-C_8$  alkenyl group, a  $C_2-C_8$  alkynyl group, an aryl group or a heteroaryl group;

Rx, Rx', Ry, Ry' and Rz are each independently selected from a hydrogen atom and a  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl group;

Rx and Ry, Rx and Rx', Rx and Rz, and Rz and Rx' may form a saturated or unsaturated 5-to 6-membered heterocycle by ring-closing at the bonding position of each of these two groups;

a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof.

2. (Original) The compound of claim 1, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof,

wherein  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is selected from a halogen atom, a trifluoromethyl group and a trifluoromethoxy group.

3. (Currently Amended) The compound of claim 12, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof, wherein Q is a group of the formula selected from Formula 3

which may be substituted with one to three same or different substituents W.

#### Claims 4-5 (Cancelled)

6. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof,

wherein

 $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$  and  $R^5$  are each independently selected from a hydrogen atom, a chlorine atom, a fluorine atom, a bromine atom and a trifluoromethyl group;

 $R^6$  and  $R^7$  are hydrogen atoms; and

 $Z^1$  and  $Z^2$  are each independently selected from a hydrogen atom, and a hydroxyl group.

7. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof,

#### wherein

 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are each independently selected from a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group which may be substituted with one or more hydroxyl groups or halogen

atoms, a  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy group which may be substituted with one or more halogen atoms, and -T- $(CH_2)_k$ -V;

T is an oxygen atom or a single bond; k is an integer selected from 0 to 4;

- V is a 5- to 6-menbered heterocyclyl group which may be substituted with one or more substituents selected from a hydroxy group, an amino group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy group and  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylcarbonyl group.
- 8. (Previously Presented) A compound, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof of claim 1which has Raf inhibiting effect and angiogenesis inhibiting effect and is used for treating cancer, psoriasis, atherosclerosis, chronic rheumatoid arthritis and diabetes.
- 9. (Previously Presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof of claim las an active ingredient.
- 10. (Previously Presented) An Raf inhibitor or an angiogenesis inhibitor comprising a compound, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof of claim las an active ingredient.
  - 11. (Previously Presented) A preventive or

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therapeutic agent for a disease selected from cancer, psoriasis, atherosclerosis, chronic rheumatoid arthritis and diabetes which comprises a compound, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof of claim las an active ingredient.

Claims 12-13 (Cancelled)

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